

Evolent

"Cardiac Solution" Program Tip Sheet For Prior-Authorization of Cardiac Services

Provider requests for the following cardiac studies are reviewed by board-certified internists with specialized cardiac training and board-certified cardiologists:

- Myocardial Perfusion Imaging (MPI)
- **Stress Echocardiography** (SE), often preferred over MPI, due to absence of radiation exposure (See separate Tip Sheet for choice of MPI vs. SE).
- Coronary Computed Tomographic Angiography (CCTA)
- **Cardiac PET, MRI, CT and EBCT** may be considered part of a Cardiac Solution, **OR** alternatively, included in a Radiology Benefits Management Program.
- Left heart cardiac catheterization and/or selective coronary arteriography. We do not approve right heart catheterization as a stand-alone study, however right heart catheterization can be done as part of a left heart catheterization
- **Echocardiography**, either transthoracic (TTE) or transesophageal (TEE)
- **Cardiac Implantable Electrical Devices** (CIEDs): ICD, Pacemaker, or CRT (cardiac resynchronization therapy or biventricular pacemaker) implantation
- **Prior authorization** is **NOT** required for **EKG treadmill stress testing without imaging**, which may be more appropriate for certain member subgroups, as described in the Guideline documents.

Important Data when Medical Records are Required for Prior-Authorization:

- **Symptoms** and rationale for visit with cardiologist
- Functional limitations and comorbidities (COPD, renal, stroke, chemotherapy, etc.) as documented in the notes
- Cardiac risk factors, lipid levels when available
- Cardiac history and prior cardiac surgery/intervention
- **Relevant non-cardiac history,** especially respiratory history, and smoking history
- **Medication**, particularly antianginal medication, respiratory medication, and anti-GERD medication, with appropriate emphasis on adequate therapy for BP, angina, respiratory illness, congestive heart failure



SE: 0 mSv Chest X-Ray: 0.06 mSv Annual Background: 3 mSv (For comparison) Radiation exposure should be limited when possible.

- **Vital signs**, including BMI, BP, HR, respiratory rate, and pulse oximetry, and pertinent physical exam findings
- Any recent cardiac imaging tests (stress testing, echocardiogram, etc.) Actual EKG tracing or official interpretation by a cardiologist (rest and any exercise) and pertinent EKG rhythm tracing; troponin and BNP when relevant
- **Relevant non-cardiac evaluation** results: e.g., in dyspnea cases chest X-ray, d-dimer, CT scan of chest, PFTs (pulmonary function tests)
- Provider's diagnostic impressions, working diagnoses, clinical concerns

Examples of Highly Pertinent Data from the Medical Record:

- **Stress Testing**: Age, description of symptoms, functional limitations, cardiac history, risk factors, comorbidities (COPD, renal, stroke, chemotherapy, etc.), antianginal medication, VS and exam, EKG tracing, troponin
- **Cardiac catheterization**: Recent symptoms with concern for unstable angina documented in notes, antianginal medication, left ventricular function studies, and stress test results
- **Pacemaker or ICD**: Symptoms of syncope/presyncope, information on structural heart disease, EKG, and rhythm data (Holter, event monitor, electrophysiologic study, tilt table testing)
- **CRT (Biventricular pacing)**: Congestive heart failure symptoms with associated NYHA functional class, heart failure medications, EKG tracing, and left ventricular ejection fraction studies
- Echocardiography: Symptoms or history suggestive of structural heart disease, particularly shortness of breath, chest pain, syncope/presyncope, thromboembolic events, prior myocardial infarction, cardiac surgery, or coronary revascularization without known left ventricular ejection fraction, prominent/loud systolic or any diastolic heart murmurs, rales, unexplained hypoxia, EKG changes, arrhythmias, radiographic evidence of congestive heart failure

Pediatric echocardiography guidelines focus on a different spectrum of cardiac pathology:

- **Congenital**: cyanosis, failure to thrive, syncope, chest pain, abnormal murmurs, prior surgery, arrhythmogenic cardiomyopathy, pulmonary hypertension
- **Acquired**: Kawasaki disease, infective endocarditis and sepsis, pericarditis, HIV myocarditis, toxic cardiomyopathy, thromboembolism, rheumatic heart disease